

**Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Financial Statements and
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants
As of
December 31, 2024**

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Delta County Ambulance District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Delta County Ambulance District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Delta County Ambulance District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Delta County Ambulance District, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Delta County Ambulance District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Delta County Ambulance District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Delta County Ambulance District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Certified Public Accountants

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Delta County Ambulance District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Blair and Associates, P.C.

Cedaredge, Colorado
August 11, 2025

**Delta County Ambulance District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Year Ended December 31, 2024**

This narrative overview and analysis of the Delta County Ambulance District, (DCAD), performance through December 31, 2024 is provided as a supplement to DCAD yearend financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the beginning of this report, the basic financial statements following this section and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of DCAD exceeded the liabilities at December 31, 2024 by \$4,046,285, (net position). Of this amount \$2,424,351 constitutes unassigned net position, \$1,365,572 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt and \$256,362 is restricted for other purposes.
- The DCAD total net position increased by \$1,141,444 (39%) from the prior year.
- Operating revenues increased by \$1,619,590 (29%), in comparison to the prior year due to increase in patient services revenues, wildland fire revenues, and taxes.
- Operating expenses increased \$827,004 (16%), in comparison to the prior year, largely in part because of an increase in salaries and benefits.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to DCAD basic financial statements. The DCAD basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) the Basic Financial Statements and 2) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements that provide additional disclosure of some of the information in the basic financial statements.

The balance sheets present information on DCAD's assets and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators as to whether the DCAD's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how DCAD's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future years.

The **Statement of Cash Flows** reports how DCAD’s cash and cash equivalents were used in and provided by its operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities during the periods reported. The net of these activities is added to the beginning of the year cash balance to reconcile to the cash and cash equivalents balances at December 31, 2024. The DCAD uses the direct method of presenting cash flows, which includes a reconciliation of operating activities to operating income. These statements provide answers to such questions as where the cash came from, how was cash used, and what was the change in the cash balance during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide financial statement disclosures that are an integral part of the basic financial statements. Such disclosures are essential to a comprehensive understanding of the information provided in the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Net position is summarized in the table below:

	2024	2023
Current assets	\$ 4,629,467	\$ 3,475,700
Capital assets, net	1,365,572	1,419,168
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,995,039</u>	<u>\$ 4,894,868</u>
Current liabilities	<u>\$ 270,783</u>	<u>\$ 224,549</u>
Total liabilities	<u>270,783</u>	<u>224,549</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	1,677,971	1,765,478
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,365,572	1,419,168
Restricted for emergencies	153,659	160,214
Restricted for capital acquisition	100,000	100,000
Restricted for employee education	2,703	2,703
Unrestricted	2,424,351	1,222,756
Total net position	<u>\$ 4,046,285</u>	<u>\$ 2,904,841</u>

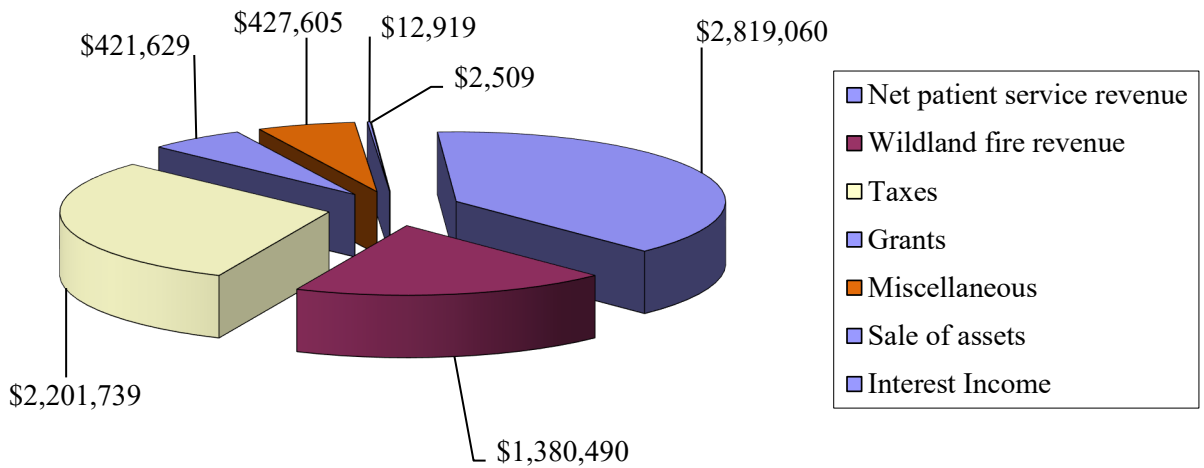
A large portion of DCAD’s net position, (60%), consists of unrestricted net position and represents resources that could be used to meet ongoing obligations. The next largest portion of DCAD’s net position, (33%) consists of investments in capital assets net of related debt. The DCAD utilizes the capital assets to fulfill its mission of providing ambulance services to residents of Delta County. The remaining portion of net position is restricted as to their use.

Changes in net position are summarized in the table below:

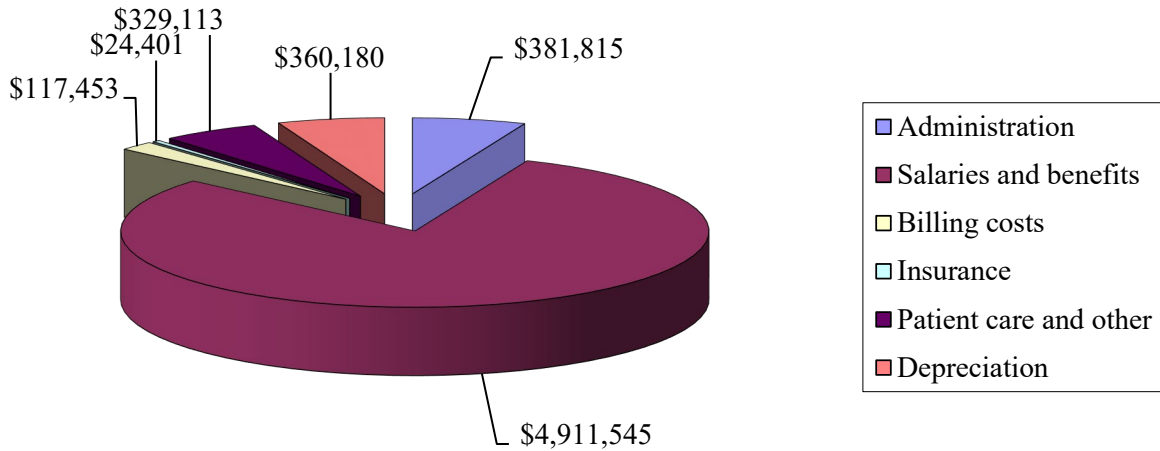
	2024	2023
Operating revenues	\$ 7,263,442	\$ 5,643,852
Operating expenses	6,124,507	5,297,503
Operating (loss) income	1,138,935	346,349
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,509	3,673
Changes in net position	1,141,444	350,022
Net position, January	2,904,841	2,554,819
Net position, December	<u>\$ 4,046,285</u>	<u>\$ 2,904,841</u>

The DCAD had an overall increase in net position of \$1,141,444 in 2024.

Revenues by Source



Expenses by Source



Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The DCAD's capital assets are summarized in the table below:

	Balance 1/1/2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 55,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,420
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>55,420</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,420</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and improvements	727,762	-	-	727,762
Equipment and vehicles	1,556,312	76,567	(55,521)	1,577,358
Ambulances	1,605,874	242,098	(558,202)	1,289,770
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>3,889,948</u>	<u>318,665</u>	<u>(613,723)</u>	<u>3,594,890</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	(332,310)	(26,825)	-	(359,135)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,061,325)	(185,580)	549,988	(696,917)
Ambulances	(1,132,565)	(147,775)	51,654	(1,228,686)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,526,200)</u>	<u>(360,180)</u>	<u>601,642</u>	<u>(2,284,738)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>1,363,748</u>	<u>(41,515)</u>	<u>(12,081)</u>	<u>1,310,152</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,419,168</u>	<u>\$ (41,515)</u>	<u>\$ (12,081)</u>	<u>\$ 1,365,572</u>

Additional information on DCAD's capital assets can be found in Note F to the basic financial statements.

Long term debt

The district has no debt at the end of 2024.

Request for Information

This financial report is designated to provide the reader with a general overview of DCAD's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Delta County Ambulance District
Kirby Clock, Administrator
Delta, Colorado 81416

Delta County Ambulance District
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 770,957	\$ 966,570
Accounts receivable	766,315	543,446
Wildland fire receivable	1,234,554	133,392
Other receivables	31,552	33,059
Prepaid expenses	133,326	13,755
Employee advances	14,792	20,000
Property taxes receivable	1,677,971	1,765,478
Total current assets	4,629,467	3,475,700
Capital assets, Net (Note F)	1,365,572	1,419,168
Total assets	5,995,039	4,894,868
Liabilities and net position		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	100,170	65,361
Accrued wages payable	98,372	63,215
Accrued compensated absences	72,241	95,973
Total current liabilities	270,783	224,549
Deferred inflow of resources		
Deferred revenue-property taxes	1,677,971	1,765,478
Net position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,365,572	1,419,168
Restricted for emergencies	153,659	160,214
Restricted for capital acquisition	100,000	100,000
Restricted for employee education	2,703	2,703
Unrestricted	2,424,351	1,222,756
Total net position	\$ 4,046,285	\$ 2,904,841

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Delta County Ambulance District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Operating Revenues		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 2,819,060	\$ 2,535,529
Wildland fire revenue	1,380,490	875,437
Taxes	2,201,739	1,654,706
Grants	421,629	513,324
Miscellaneous	427,605	64,856
Gain on sale of assets	12,919	-
Total operating revenues	<u>7,263,442</u>	<u>5,643,852</u>
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	4,911,545	4,133,550
Administration costs	381,815	300,024
Billing costs	117,453	71,858
Insurance	24,401	97,840
Patient care other costs	329,113	366,097
Loss on the sale of assets	-	14,032
Depreciation	360,180	314,102
Total operating expenses	<u>6,124,507</u>	<u>5,297,503</u>
Operating income	1,138,935	346,349
Non-operating revenues and expenses		
Interest Income	2,509	3,673
Total Non-Operating revenues and expenses	<u>2,509</u>	<u>3,673</u>
Change in net position	1,141,444	350,022
Net position, January 1	<u>2,904,841</u>	<u>2,554,819</u>
Net position, December 31	<u>\$ 4,046,285</u>	<u>\$ 2,904,841</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Delta County Ambulance District
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,877,026	\$ 2,887,459
Cash received from taxes	2,201,739	1,654,706
Cash received from grants and other	854,442	558,180
Cash payments to others for goods and services	(817,972)	(822,404)
Cash payments to employees for services	(5,019,691)	(4,059,732)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>95,544</u>	<u>218,209</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of fixed assets	(318,666)	(197,651)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	25,000	17,056
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(293,666)</u>	<u>(180,595)</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments	2,509	3,673
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>2,509</u>	<u>3,673</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	(195,613)	41,287
Cash balances, January 1	<u>966,570</u>	<u>925,283</u>
Cash balances, December 31	<u>\$ 770,957</u>	<u>\$ 966,570</u>
Reconciling of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,138,935	\$ 346,349
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	360,180	314,102
Assets (increase) decrease:		
Accounts receivables	(1,322,524)	(196,935)
Prepaid and deposits	(119,571)	10,015
Employee advances	5,208	(20,000)
Liabilities increase (decrease):		
Accounts payable	34,810	13,415
Accrued compensated absences	(23,732)	50,658
Accrued wages payable	35,157	13,145
Unearned revenue	-	(326,572)
Total adjustments	<u>(1,030,472)</u>	<u>(142,172)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 108,463</u>	<u>\$ 204,177</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Delta County Ambulance District (the District) was created in December of 1998. The District operates under a Board of Directors form of government and provides ambulance services to residents within their District.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District relating to the funds and account groups included in the accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units. Accordingly, the requirements of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and No. 34 and No. 38, Certain Financial statement presentation.

The financial statements of the Authority are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Delta County Ambulance District are charges to customers for emergency medical services. Operating expenses for Delta County Ambulance District include the cost of supplies and services, administrative expenses, payroll expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Financial Reporting Entity

The District's financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Delta County Ambulance District has no component units.

**Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024**

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Budgetary Control

The District adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

Budgets are required by state law for proprietary funds. During October the proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Directors for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

A public hearing is conducted by the Directors to obtain taxpayers' comments.

Prior to December 31, the budget is adopted, and appropriations made by formal resolution.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Board approval is required for changes in budgets. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are based on the final, legally amended budget.

Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The budget is adopted on a basis that differs from generally accepted accounting principles. The District does not budget for depreciation costs.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of money are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because it is at present considered not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or facilitate effective cash planning and control.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on January 1 and attached as a lien on property as of December 31. They are payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. Property taxes levied in the current year and payable in the following year are reported as a receivable at December 31, net of an estimated uncollectible portion. However, since taxes are not available to pay current liabilities, the net receivables are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Property taxes revenue that are related to a future period have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met (e.g., cash advances) are recorded as deferred inflows. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Patient Services Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews and investigation. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews and investigations.

Revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to the laws and regulations governing those programs and are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates could change by a material amount in the near term.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost or, if contributed property, at their fair market value at the time of contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

**Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024**

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one year of life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Ambulances	3-7 years
Equipment	5-7 years
Buildings	40 years

Note B Accounts Receivable

The District reports accounts receivable from patients in the financial statements as net of allowance for doubtful accounts. Only receivables with allowances for uncollectable accounts as of December 31, 2024 are presented below.

	2024	2023
Gross receivables	\$ 916,148	\$ 794,511
Less: Allowance for uncollectables	<u>(149,833)</u>	<u>(251,045)</u>
Net receivables	<u>\$ 766,315</u>	<u>\$ 543,466</u>

Note C Contingent Liabilities

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases general liability and property insurance through commercial insurers.

Note D Deposits and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits. Collateral in the pool is considered to be equal to depository insurance pursuant to definitions listed in GASB Statement No. 40. At December 31, 2024, the bank balance of the District's deposits was \$844,895. Of this amount \$253,578 is covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining \$597,317 by PDPA.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note D Deposits and Investments (continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities; certain international agency securities; general obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities; bankers' acceptances of certain banks; commercial paper; local government investment pools; written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities; certain money market funds; and guaranteed investment contracts. The District's investment policy follows Colorado statutes. At December 31, 2024 the District's held no investments.

Note E Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenses - Budget Basis to GAAP Basis

Excess of revenue over expenses, (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	\$ 1,170,039
Adjustments	
Less: depreciation	(360,180)
Add: capital outlay	318,666
sale of assets	12,919
Changes in net position	\$ 1,141,444

Note F Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment (Amendment One) to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of the state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. The amendment also requires that reserves be established for declared emergencies, with 3% of fiscal year spending required in 1994 and thereafter.

The taxpayers, per election on November 2, 1999, allowed the District to debruce for the purpose of allowing the District to spend all tax and other revenues regardless of spending limitations contained in TABOR without raising the mill levy.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the remaining provisions of TABOR; however, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note G Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Balance 1/1/2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 55,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,420
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>55,420</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,420</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and improvements	727,762	-	-	727,762
Equipment and vehicles	1,556,312	76,567	(55,521)	1,577,358
Ambulances	1,605,874	242,098	(558,202)	1,289,770
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>3,889,948</u>	<u>318,665</u>	<u>(613,723)</u>	<u>3,594,890</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	(332,310)	(26,825)	-	(359,135)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,061,325)	(185,580)	549,988	(696,917)
Ambulances	(1,132,565)	(147,775)	51,654	(1,228,686)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,526,200)</u>	<u>(360,180)</u>	<u>601,642</u>	<u>(2,284,738)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>1,363,748</u>	<u>(41,515)</u>	<u>(12,081)</u>	<u>1,310,152</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,419,168</u>	<u>\$ (41,515)</u>	<u>\$ (12,081)</u>	<u>\$ 1,365,572</u>

Note H Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement 54 “Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions”. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government’s fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance-amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance-amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Delta County Ambulance District
Delta County, Colorado
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note H Fund Equity (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Board of Directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Note I Employee Benefits

Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with internal revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen non-reimbursed emergency.

Retirement Plan

The District participates in the County Retirement Association (CRA), a multiple-employer public employee retirement system which is a qualified plan as defined by IRS Code Section 401 (A) and Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 24.54. The plan provides retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan to participating Colorado counties, municipalities, and special districts. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings.

There are no unfunded past service liabilities. All full-time employees are required to participate in the plan upon the first day of the payroll period following the employee's date of hire. The District is required to contribute 3% of employee compensation excluding overtime. The employee is required to contribute an amount equal to the County's contribution. Employees are immediately vested in their participant contributions and become vested in employer contributions to the plan over a six-year period.

The District's total payroll for 2024 was \$4,002,559 and covered payroll was \$3,403,712. During 2024, the District and employees made the required 3% contribution amounting to \$102,111, for a total of \$204,222.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. The Plan may be amended by resolution of the Board of Directors, but it may not be amended beyond the limits established by state statute.

Paid Time Off (PTO)

PTO accumulates at the rate of 24 hours per year with less than 6 months service, 48 hours with six months of service, 96 hours for 2 years, 144 hours for 3 years, 192 hours for 4 years and 240 hours for 5 years or more of service. Shift employees may carry a maximum of 96 hours into the next year and administrative employees can carryover 80 hours to the next year. At December 31, 2024 the amount of compensated absences was \$72,241.

Delta County Ambulance District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Available Resources
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Net patient service revenues	\$ 3,426,063	\$ 3,426,063	\$ 2,819,060	\$ (607,003)
Wildland fire revenue	354,285	354,285	1,380,490	1,026,205
Taxes	2,122,681	2,122,681	2,201,739	79,058
Grants and contracts	349,000	349,000	421,629	72,629
Miscellaneous	353,531	353,531	427,605	74,074
Interest	434	434	2,509	2,075
Total revenues	6,605,994	6,605,994	7,253,032	647,038
Expenditures				
Salaries and benefits	3,888,443	3,888,443	4,911,545	(1,023,102)
Administrative costs	293,585	293,585	381,815	(88,230)
Operations costs	258,590	258,590	303,555	(44,965)
Billing costs	87,769	87,769	117,453	(29,684)
Insurance	126,729	126,729	24,401	102,328
Capital Outlay	262,986	262,986	344,224	(81,238)
Supplemental budget	-	1,164,898	-	1,164,898
Total expenditures	4,918,102	6,083,000	6,082,993	7
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,687,892	\$ 522,994	\$ 1,170,039	\$ 647,045

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.